

How can digital maps show us where people need help, like after a natural disaster?

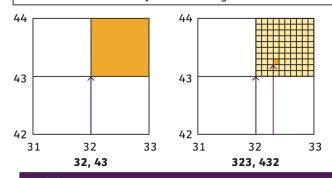
Year 6 - Using Maps



1. Key Scientific Knowledge Concepts and Skills

Grid References

- A map is criss-crossed with horizontal and vertical lines that create a grid.
- The grid and squares help to narrow a search area so you can locate features on a map.
- Usually, the lines are numbered with two digits.
- Eastings are the numbers that run from west to east.
- Northings are the numbers that run from south to north.
- The easting and northing numbers are put together to create a four-digit grid reference, e.g. (32,43), which refers to the bottom left corner of a square on the map.
- Grid references can be even more specific by adding an extra digit to both the easting and northing numbers.
- These six-digit grid references, e.g. (323,432), tell us more precisely whereabouts in the square something is.



Symbols

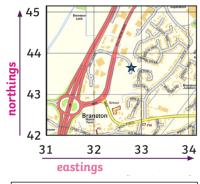
- · Maps use symbols instead of words to label real-life features.
- · A key on the map tells you what the symbol means.

1	Nature Reserve	₹	Cycle Trail	******	Footpath
	Motorway	Œ	Train Station	†	Place of Worship

Four-Point Compass N - north E - east S - south W - west

Eight-Point Compass

north (N)
north-east (NE)
east (E)
south-east (SE)
south (S)
south-west (SW)
west (W)
north-west (NW)



Northing= 436 Easting= 338

6-figure grid reference = 436338

2. Key Scientific Vocabulary and Definitions			
compass	A tool used for showing direction.		
digital map	A map that uses technology such as a satnav.		
easting	The numbers used in a grid reference that run west to east.		
grid reference	The numbered squares on a map used to locate a place.		
northing	The numbers used in a grid reference that run south to north.		
Ordnance Survey maps	Detailed maps of Great Britain where each square represents 1km squared (1km2).		
symbols	Small pictures, letters or lines that represent a feature.		
rural	Rural areas are found in the countryside, surrounded by open land.		
urban	Urban areas are areas where many people live and work, resulting in a dense population.		
route	A way or course taken in getting from a starting point to a destination.		

3. Prior Scientific Knowledge, Concepts and Skills

- Describe how maps have a compass on them to show which way the map goes.
- Recognise that a map is a view from above and has symbols on it and describe how
 maps show us how to plan a journey.
- Know how Ordnance Survey symbols can be used to locate amenities on a map.
 Apply four-figure grid references to locate objects on a map, using 'northings' then 'eastings' to give a grid reference.
- Recommend a short route, using four-figure grid references.